



# 2021-22 Redistricting

# What is Redistricting

## Definition

Redistricting is the process of adjusting district lines every 10 years after the release of the U.S. Census. The well-known examples are Congress and the legislature.

Within the U.S., redistricting has become an extremely politicized process and has been the subject of more high-profile Supreme Court decisions than any other part of our elections system.

# Traditional Redistricting Principles

## Preventing a Districting from Becoming a Gerrymander

There are a number of criteria that have been used nationally and upheld by courts.

- Relatively equal size – people, not citizens
- Contiguous – districts should not hop/jump
- Keep districts compact – appearance/function
- Maintain “*communities of interest*”
- Follow city/county/local government lines

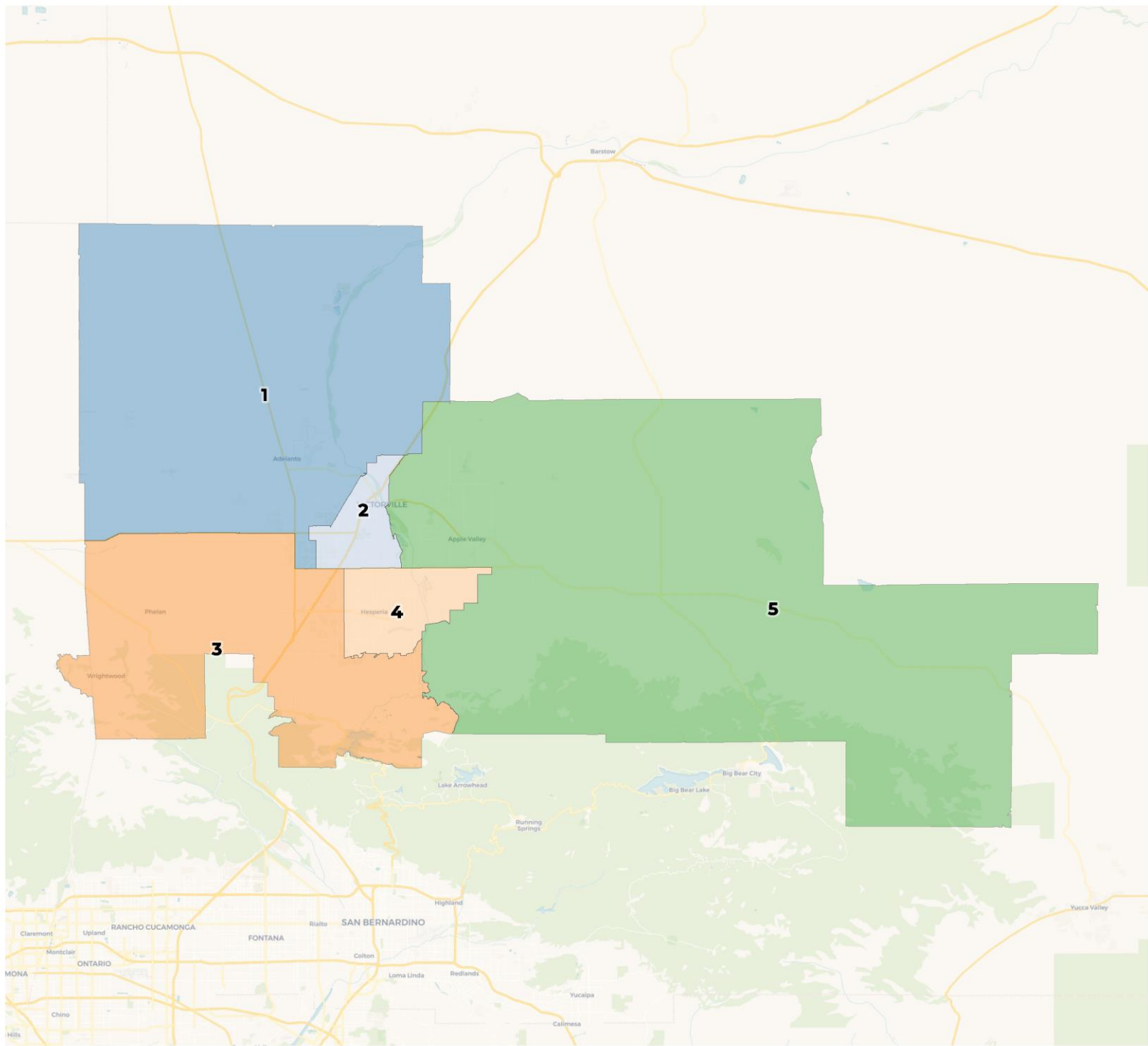
# Fair Maps Act (2019)

## Preventing a Districting from Becoming a Gerrymander

Starting in 2020, cities and counties doing redistricting have additional criteria they must follow under the California Fair Maps Act. This becomes a “best practice” for all agencies.

- Process/transparency when conducting redistricting
- Not using incumbent or candidate residence as a Community of Interest
- Not drawing districts to advantage a political party

*These rules do not currently apply directly to community college trustee areas, but redistricting best practices will likely push most agencies to voluntarily adopting them.*



**2020 Census**

	1	2	3	4	5
Population	85,099	89,085	82,916	82,963	82,821
Deviation	522	4,508	-1,661	-1,614	-1,756
Deviation %	0.6%	5.3%	-2.0%	-1.9%	-2.1%
Other	18,980	23,469	35,572	32,492	43,863
Other %	22.3%	26.3%	42.9%	39.2%	53.0%
Latino	48,565	48,369	39,650	44,731	30,429
Latino %	57.1%	54.3%	47.8%	53.9%	36.7%
Asian	3,253	3,137	3,042	1,570	2,657
Asian %	3.8%	3.5%	3.7%	1.9%	3.2%
Black	14,301	14,110	4,652	4,170	5,872
Black %	16.8%	15.8%	5.6%	5.0%	7.1%

**Citizen Voting Age Population (CVAP)**

	1	2	3	4	5
Total CVAP	44,537	48,866	54,265	49,376	55,042
Other CVAP	14,478	18,069	29,619	24,776	34,794
Other CVAP %	32.5%	37.0%	54.6%	50.2%	63.2%
Latino CVAP	19,888	21,434	20,200	21,136	14,430
Latino CVAP %	44.7%	43.9%	37.2%	42.8%	26.2%
Asian CVAP	1,357	1,582	1,470	1,004	1,254
Asian CVAP %	3.0%	3.2%	2.7%	2.0%	2.3%
Black CVAP	8,814	7,781	2,976	2,460	4,563
Black CVAP %	19.8%	15.9%	5.5%	5.0%	8.3%

**2020 Census**

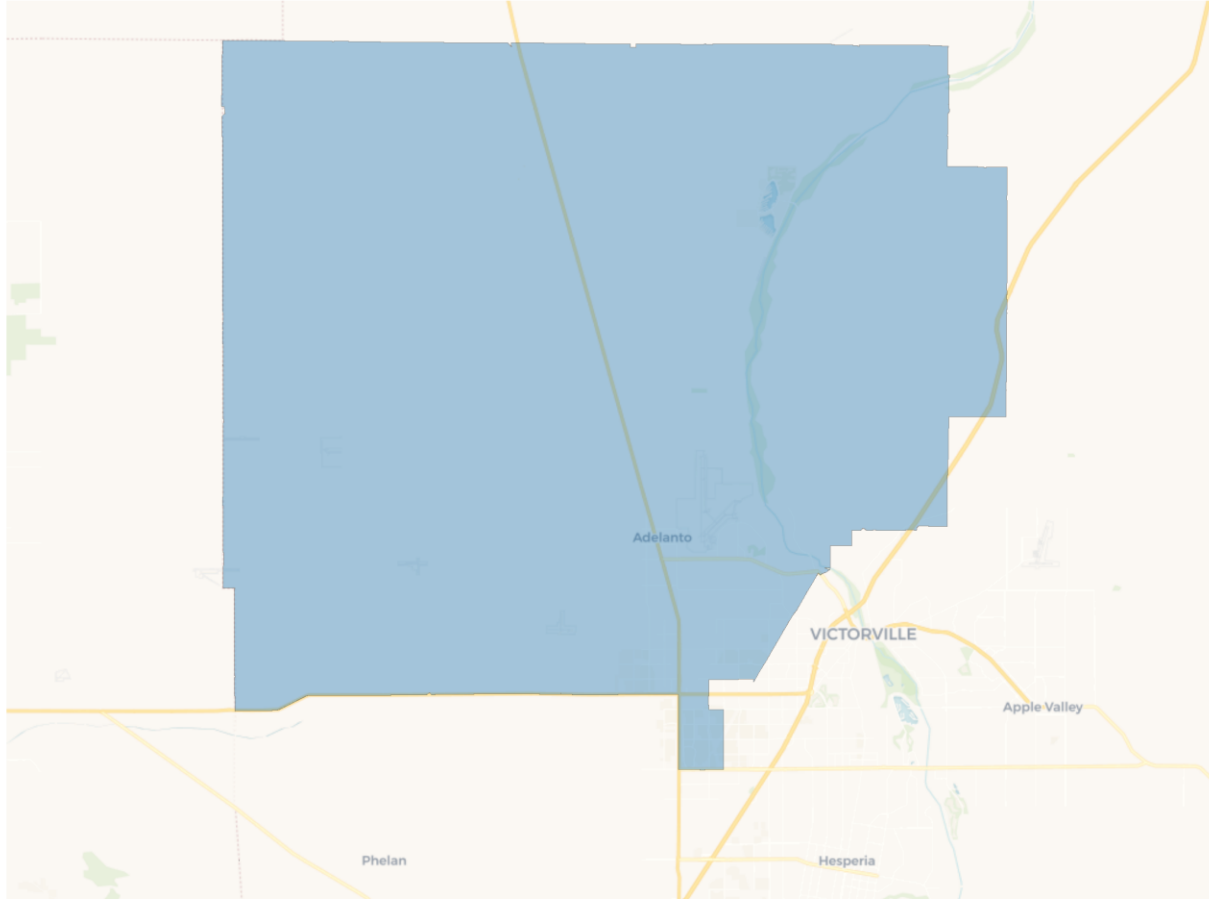
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Latino %	57.1%	54.5%	58.6%	5.7%	36.7%
Asian	3,252	3,252	3,252	1,570	2,657
Asian %	3.8%	3.7%	3.9%	1.9%	3.2%
Black	14,301	14,110	4,652	4,170	5,872
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The total deviation of the plan is the sum of the absolute values of the highest and lowest districts. *Here the plan deviation is 7.4%*

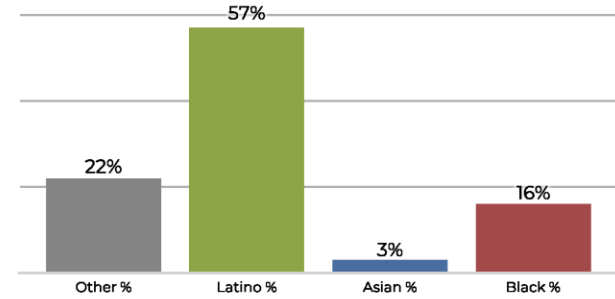
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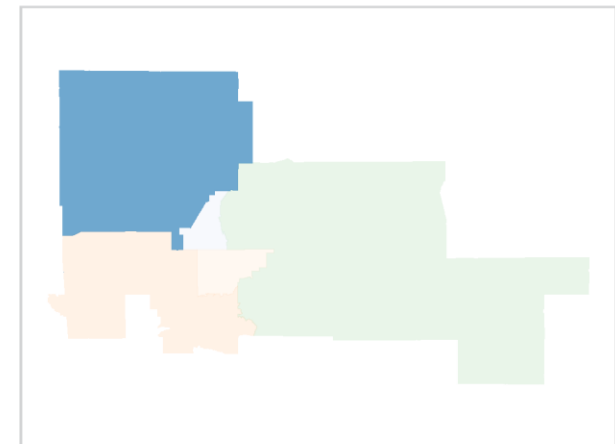
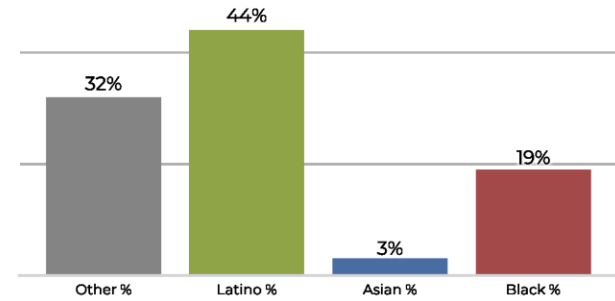
**District 1**



**2020 Census**



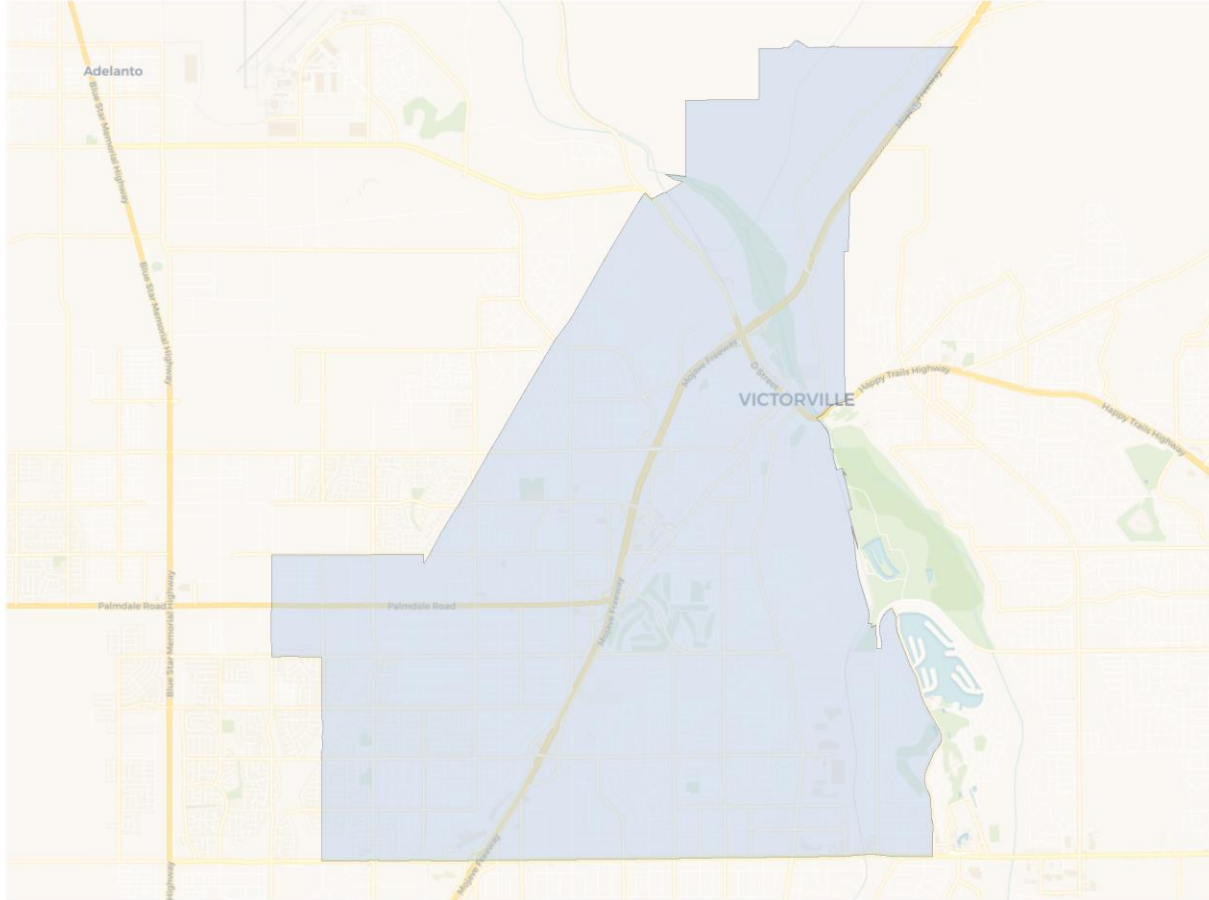
**Citizen Voting Age Population**



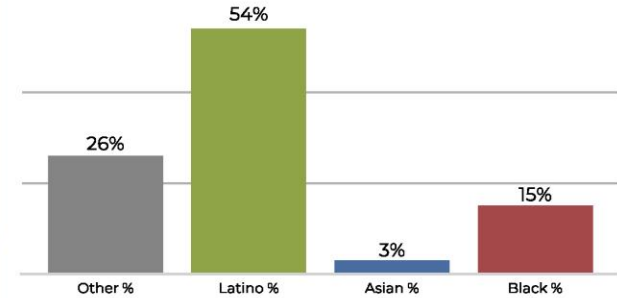
Population	Deviation	Deviation %	Other	Other %	Latino	Latino %	Asian	Asian %	Black	Black %
85,099	522	0.6%	18,980	22.3%	48,565	57.1%	3,253	3.8%	14,301	16.8%
<b>Total CVAP</b>	<b>Other CVAP</b>	<b>Other CVAP %</b>	<b>Latino CVAP</b>	<b>Latino CVAP %</b>	<b>Asian CVAP</b>	<b>Asian CVAP %</b>	<b>Black CVAP</b>	<b>Black CVAP %</b>		
44,537	14,478	32.5%	19,888	44.7%	1,357	3.0%	8,814	19.8%		



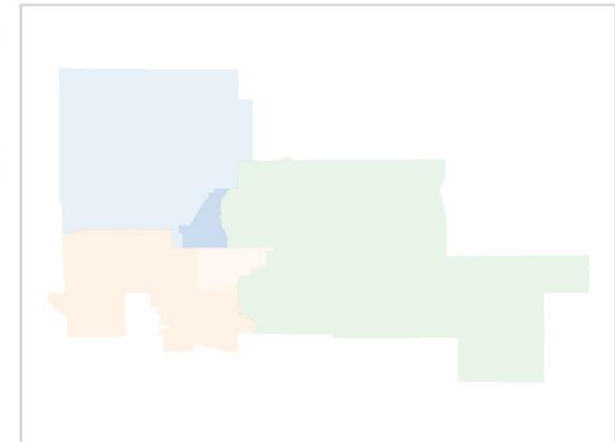
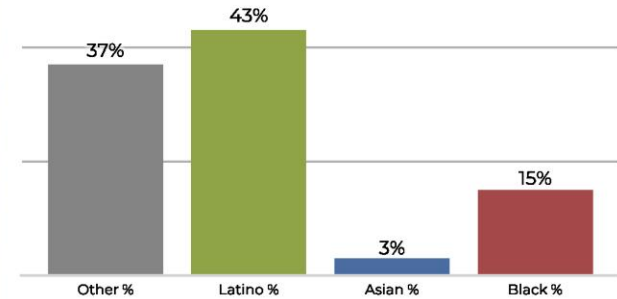
**District 2**



**2020 Census**

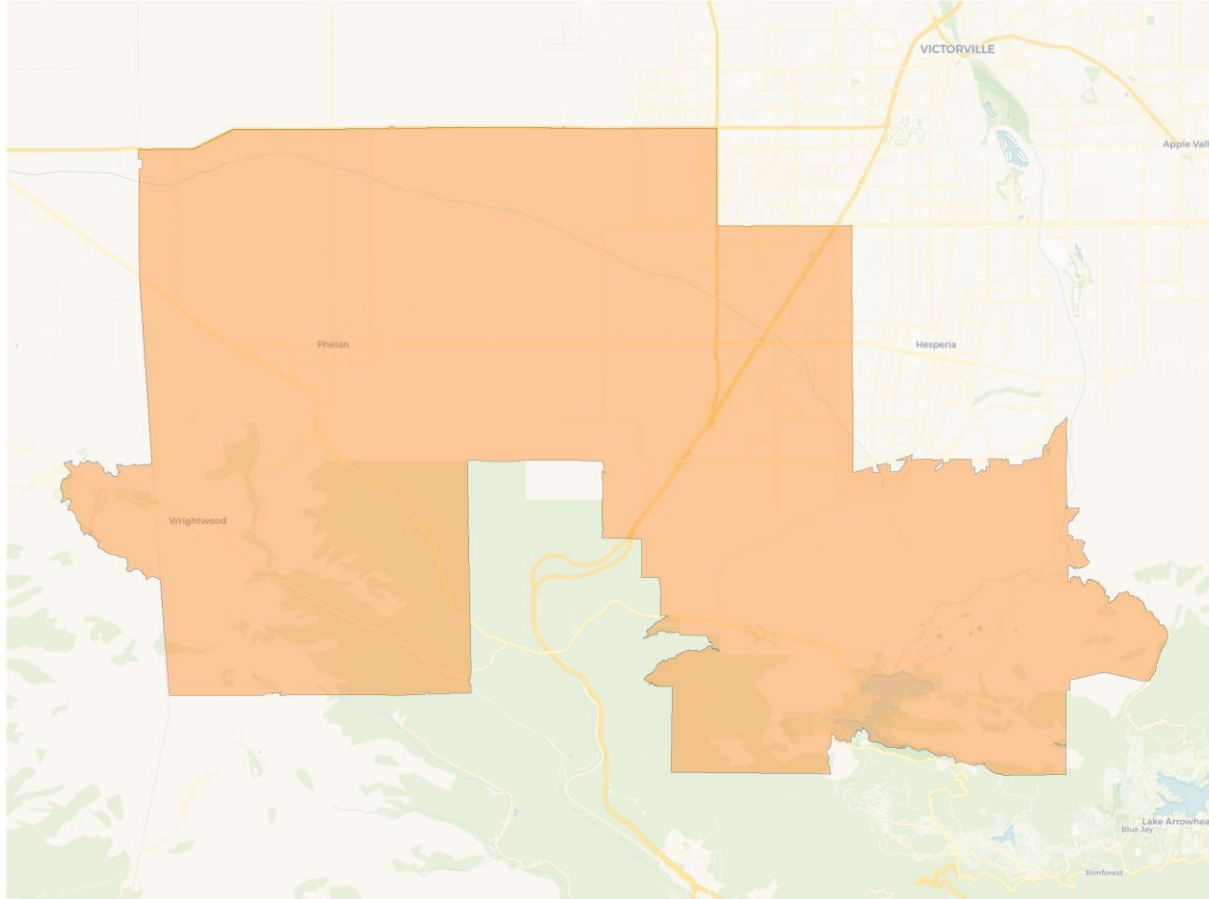


**Citizen Voting Age Population**

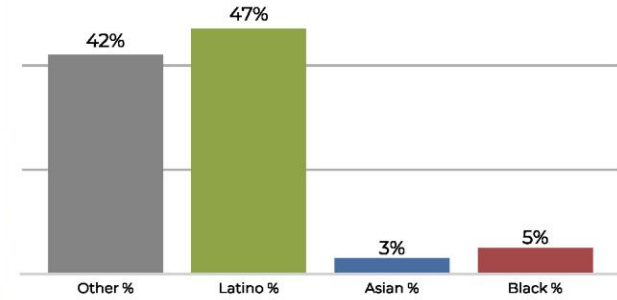


Population	Deviation	Deviation %	Other	Other %	Latino	Latino %	Asian	Asian %	Black	Black %
89,085	4,508	5.3%	23,469	26.3%	48,369	54.3%	3,137	3.5%	14,110	15.8%
Total CVAP	Other CVAP	Other CVAP %	Latino CVAP	Latino CVAP %	Asian CVAP	Asian CVAP %	Black CVAP	Black CVAP %		
48,866	18,069	37.0%	21,434	43.9%	1,582	3.2%	7,781	15.9%		

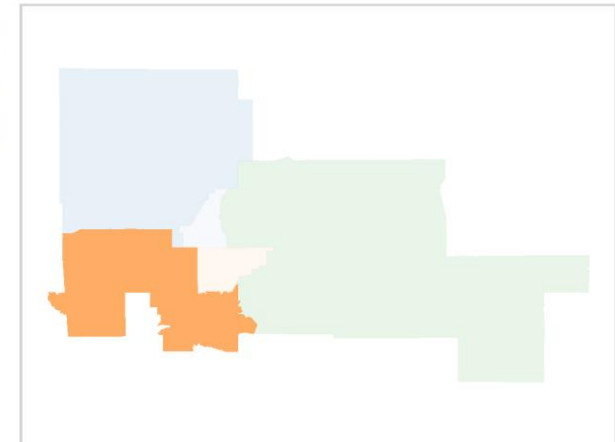
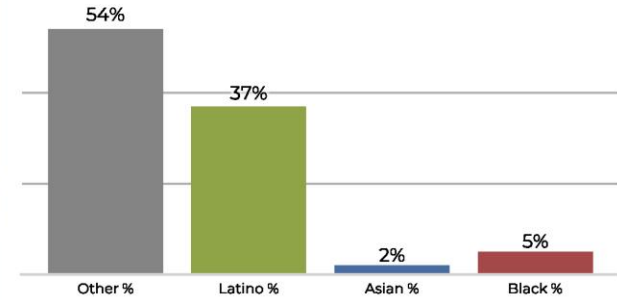
**District 3**



**2020 Census**

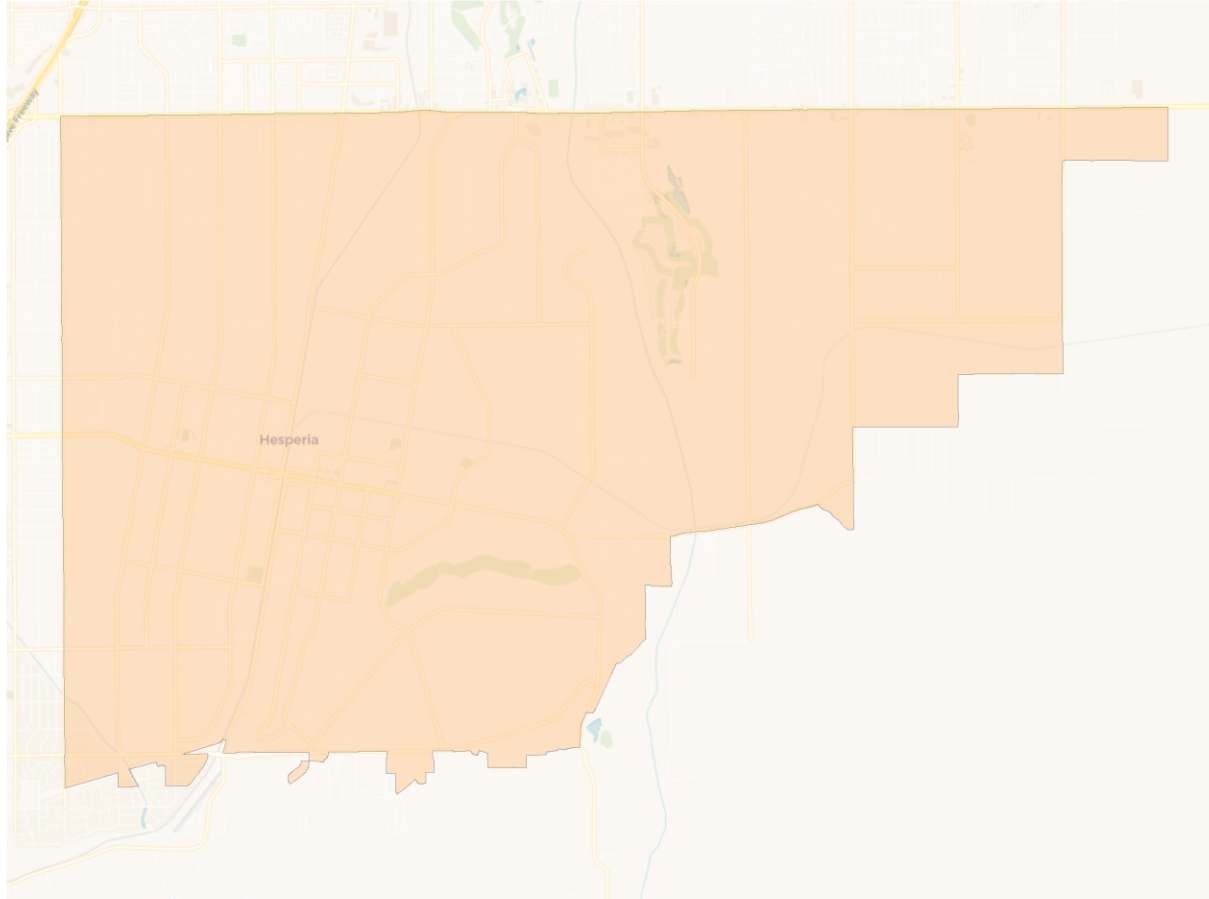


**Citizen Voting Age Population**

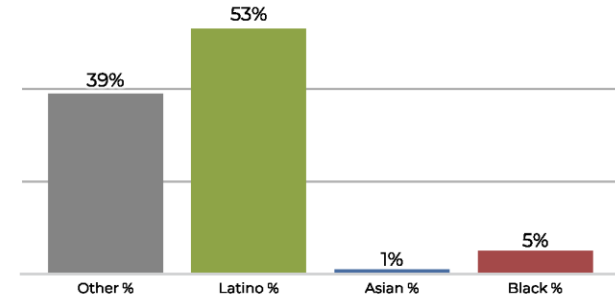


Population	Deviation	Deviation %	Other	Other %	Latino	Latino %	Asian	Asian %	Black	Black %
82,916	-1,661	-2.0%	35,572	42.9%	39,650	47.8%	3,042	3.7%	4,652	5.6%
Total CVAP	Other CVAP	Other CVAP %	Latino CVAP	Latino CVAP %	Asian CVAP	Asian CVAP %	Black CVAP	Black CVAP %		
54,265	29,619	54.6%	20,200	37.2%	1,470	2.7%	2,976	5.5%		

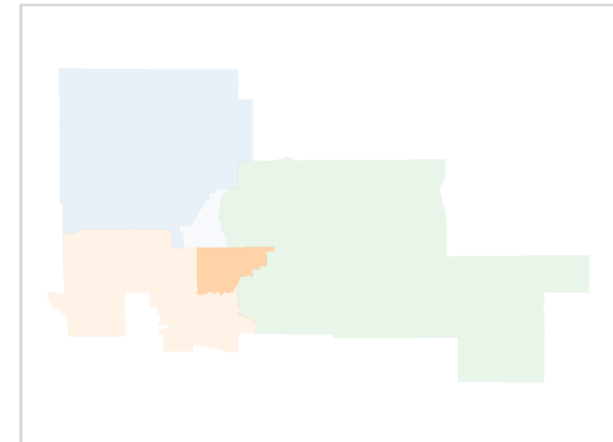
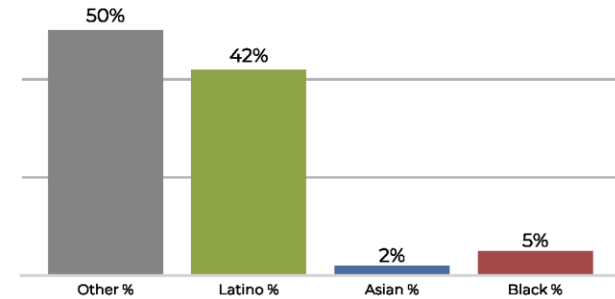
**District 4**



**2020 Census**

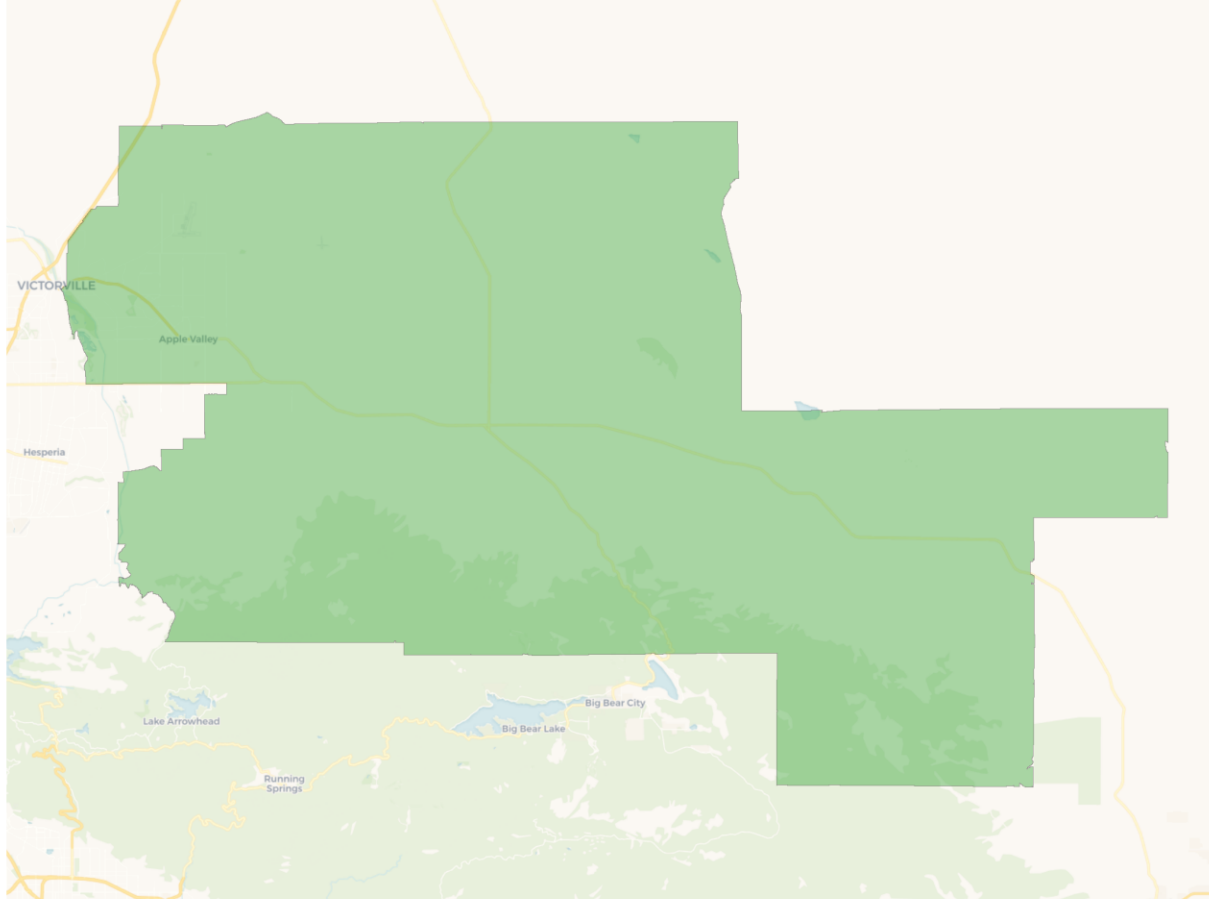


**Citizen Voting Age Population**

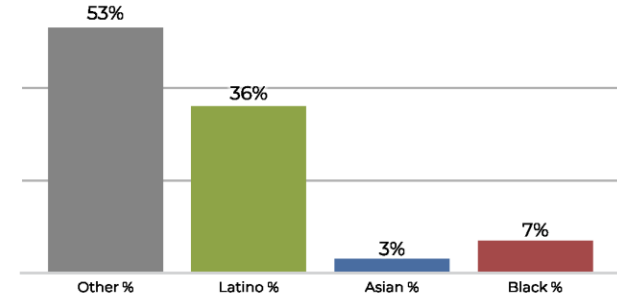


Population	Deviation	Deviation %	Other	Other %	Latino	Latino %	Asian	Asian %	Black	Black %
82,963	-1,614	-1.9%	32,492	39.2%	44,731	53.9%	1,570	1.9%	4,170	5.0%
Total CVAP	Other CVAP	Other CVAP %	Latino CVAP	Latino CVAP %	Asian CVAP	Asian CVAP %	Black CVAP	Black CVAP %		
49,376	24,776	50.2%	21,136	42.8%	1,004	2.0%	2,460	5.0%		

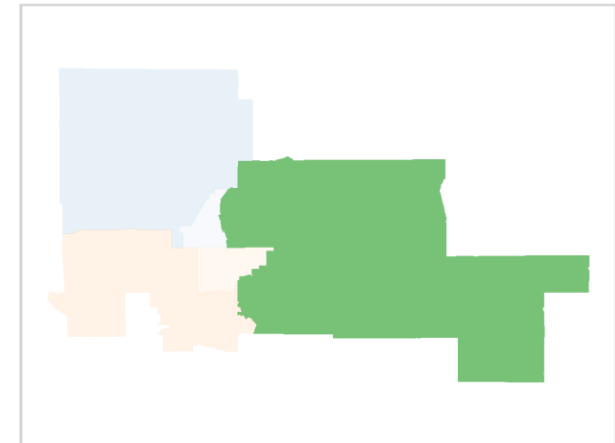
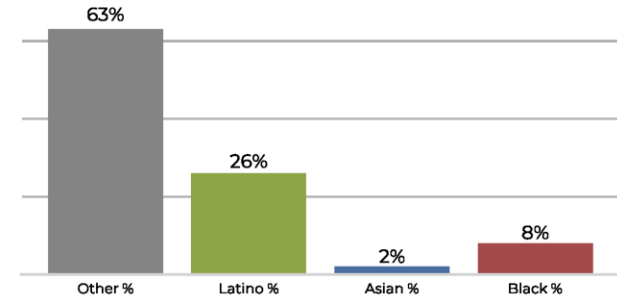
**District 5**



**2020 Census**



**Citizen Voting Age Population**



Population	Deviation	Deviation %	Other	Other %	Latino	Latino %	Asian	Asian %	Black	Black %
82,821	-1,756	-2.1%	43,863	53.0%	30,429	36.7%	2,657	3.2%	5,872	7.1%
Total CVAP	Other CVAP	Other CVAP %	Latino CVAP	Latino CVAP %	Asian CVAP	Asian CVAP %	Black CVAP	Black CVAP %		
55,042	34,794	63.2%	14,430	26.2%	1,254	2.3%	4,563	8.3%		

# Districting Process

## Timeline and Hearing Themes

November 2, 2021	Process Overview
November/December	Introduction of Draft Maps
December 14 <sup>th</sup> , 2021	Draft Map Feedback
January 11 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Approval of Final Maps
February 8 <sup>th</sup> , 2022	Approval of Resolution

# Victor Valley CCD Redistricting Process

## Next Steps

Following public comment, the Board should determine if they will keep existing lines, or direct Redistricting Partners to create new lines. Board should give direction as to what priorities should be in draft maps. Common priorities include:

- School District Boundaries
- City Boundaries
- Neighborhoods

Next Meeting – The Board will receive two to three draft maps for review and comment. The board should give feedback on the draft maps and select one or two to move forward.

January – The Board will review the draft maps with changes from December and should vote on approval of the final map.



# REDISTRICTING PARTNERS